

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

# BIQ-CIRCLE® A division of Walter Surface Technologies

### **BOLT-OUT**

### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : BOLT-OUT

**Product code** : 53-D 892 (400 ml)

SDS no. : L-08E

Product type : Aerosol.

#### **Identified uses**

Penetrating lubricant.

**Manufacturer** : Walter Surface Technologies Inc.

Bio-Circle - A Division of Walter Surface Technologies Inc.

810 Day Hill Road Windsor, CT 06095 United States

General Information: 18665925837

www.walter.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : INFOTRAC® 1-800-535-5053, Outside U.S.A. call collect: 1-352-323-3500

24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word

: Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** 

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** 

: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Response

: Not applicable.

Storage

: P410 - Protect from sunlight.

P412 - Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.





### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Disposal** : Not applicable. Hazards not otherwise : None known.

classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

**Product code** : 53-D 892 (400 ml)

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number	
Kerosene	60 - 100	8008-20-6	

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Ingestion

- : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- : Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness







### Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.





### Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.







### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Kerosene	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 100 mg/m³ 10 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour). If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. (Permeation time > 8 hours)

### **Body protection**

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection specialists.







### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Color : Dark gray.
Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not applicable.

Flash point : Closed cup: -60°C (-76°F)

**Evaporation rate** : Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

**Lower and upper explosive** : Lower: 1.4% (flammable) limits : Upper: 32%

Vapor pressure : 400 kPa (3000.2 mm Hg) [@ 20°C (68°F)]

: Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

**Density** : 0.791 g/ml @ 20°C (68°F)

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : 510°C (950°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

VOC content (g/L) : 775

**Aerosol product** 

Type of aerosol : Spray
Heat of combustion : 42.52 kJ/g

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.





### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosene	LD50 Oral	Rat	15 g/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit		500 mg 24 hours 100% 0.5 mL	- - -

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Kerosene	-	3	-	A3	-	-

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Kerosene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 Skin contact
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contactIngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# <u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>







### Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Potential delayed effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

There is no data available.

### Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

There is no data available.

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.







### **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity). Marine pollutant (Kerosene)	Aerosols, flammable (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**AERG** : 126

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. Protect from freezing. Freezing will damage product and render it unusable.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Benzaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propane

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air

**Pollutants (HAPs)** 

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

**DEA List I Chemicals** (Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

**SARA 302/304** 







### Section 15. Regulatory information

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name		hazard	Sudden release of pressure		(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Kerosene	60 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: Kerosene; Propane; Carbon dioxide

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

**New Jersey** The following components are listed: Kerosene; Propane; Carbon dioxide **Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: Kerosene; Propane; Carbon dioxide

California Prop. 65

No products were found.

#### **International lists**

**National inventory** 

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. Europe **New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

### **History**

: 12/15/2014 Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy

**Version** : 1

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc. : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations







### **Section 16. Other information**

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

