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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : DOW CORNING(R) 790 SILICONE BUILDING SEALANT

NATURAL STONE

Product code : 00000000004111305

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Dow Corning Corporation

Address : South Saginaw Road

Midland Michigan 48686

Telephone : (989) 496-6000

Emergency telephone : 24 Hour Emergency Telephone : (989) 496-5900

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Construction materials and additives

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water

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for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

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to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion. Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Silicone

Sealant

Hazardous ingredients

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Limestone	1317-65-3	>= 30 - < 50
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1 - < 5
Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane	87855-59-2	>= 1 - < 5
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	8007-18-9	>= 1 - < 5
Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydro-	68952-53-4	>= 1 - < 5
genated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine		
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	>= 1 - < 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	>= 0.1 - < 1
Quartz	14808-60-7	>= 0.1 - < 1
Cobalt titanite green spinel	68186-85-6	>= 0.1 - < 1
N-ethylacetamide	625-50-3	>= 0.1 - < 1
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	>= 0.1 - < 1
Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-	Not Assigned	>= 0.1 - < 1
ethylacetamido)silane		

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.



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Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides Silicon oxides Formaldehyde

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.



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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

oractice.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents



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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Limestone	1317-65-3	exposure) TWA (total	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		dust) TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Respirable)	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow	8007-18-9	TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (antimony)	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	1 mg/m3 (Nickel)	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (antimony)	ACGIH
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	0.2 mg/m3 (Nickel)	ACGIH
		TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (antimony)	NIOSH REL
		TWA	0.015 mg/m3 (Nickel)	NIOSH REL
Magnesium carbonate	546-93-0	TWA (Respirable)	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total)	10 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Carbon black	1333-86-4	TWA	3.5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	3.5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	3 mg/m3	ACGIH
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA (total dust)	30 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respirable)	10 mg/m3 / %SiO2+2	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (respirable)	250 mppcf / %SiO2+5	OSHA Z-3
		TWÁ (Res- pirable frac-	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH



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		tion)		
		TWA (Res- pirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3 (Silica)	NIOSH REL
Cobalt titanite green spinel	68186-85-6	TWA	0.02 mg/m3 (Cobalt)	ACGIH
		TWA	0.015 mg/m3 (Nickel)	NIOSH REL
		TWA	1 mg/m3 (Nickel)	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	0.2 mg/m3 (Nickel)	ACGIH
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	TWA	10 ppm	DCC OEL

Hazardous components without workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.
Methylvinyl bis(N-	87855-59-2
ethylacetamido)silane	
Dimethyl, methylhydrogen	68952-53-4
siloxane, dehydrogenated,	
reaction with	
hydroxydiethylamine	
N-ethylacetamide	625-50-3
Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-	Not Assigned
ethylacetamido)silane	

Engineering measures

: Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m3 - total dust, 5 mg/m3 - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m3 - respirable particles, 10 mg/m3 - inhalable particles.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.



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Hand protection

Material : Impervious gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before

breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may re-

quire added precautions.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : paste

Color : in accordance with the product description

Odor : Fishy

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: Not applicable

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard



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Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1.48

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Use at elevated temperatures may form highly hazardous

compounds.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Formaldehyde

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure



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Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Ingredients:

Limestone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Magnesium carbonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 420

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Carbon black:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.0046 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist



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Quartz:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-ethylacetamide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,950 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC0 (Rat): 2.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 8 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,800 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 2975 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.5 ml/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:



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Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation Remarks: Based on test data

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow:

Species: Rabbit Result: No skin irritation

Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine:

Result: Skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium carbonate:

Method: EPISKIN Human Skin Model Test

Result: No skin irritation

Carbon black:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-ethylacetamide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation Remarks: Based on test data

Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingredients:

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks: Based on test data



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Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine:

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium carbonate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Carbon black:

Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation

Result. No eye iiritatioi

N-ethylacetamide: Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation Remarks: Based on test data

Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eve

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization: Not classified based on available information. Respiratory sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type: Buehler Test Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Carbon black:

Test Type: Buehler Test

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative



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Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Assessment: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-ethylacetamide:

Test Type: Intracutaneous test Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type: Maximization Test

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type: Buehler Test Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: No known sensitising effect. Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Magnesium carbonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carbon black:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-ethylacetamide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data



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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 24 Months

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Result: positive

Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with

animals.

Magnesium carbonate:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 18 Months

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

ment

Species: Humans

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Result: positive



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Remarks: IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhala-

tion)

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhala-

tion)

N-ethylacetamide:

Species: Mouse

ment

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time: 18 Months

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

Carbon black 1333-86-4

Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Quartz 14808-60-7

Antimony nickel titanium 8007-18-9

oxide yellow

Cobalt titanite green spinel 68186-85-6

OSHA No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcino-

gen by OSHA.

NTP Known to be human carcinogen

Quartz 14808-60-7

Antimony nickel titanium 8007-18-9

oxide yellow

Cobalt titanite green spinel 68186-85-6



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Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Ingredients:

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male

Application Route: Ingestion Symptoms: Effects on fertility. Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Magnesium carbonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the



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reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

N-ethylacetamide:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Symptoms: Effects on fertility. Remarks: Based on test data

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male

Application Route: Ingestion Symptoms: Effects on fertility.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Carbon black:

Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d

or less.



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Quartz:

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Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs: Lungs

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02

mg/l/6h/d or less.

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

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Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs: Lungs

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02

mg/l/6h/d or less.

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Routes of exposure: inhalation (vapor)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 1 mg/l/6h/d or

less.

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 200 mg/kg

bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Ingredients:

Titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Rat NOAEL: 10 mg/m3

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 2 y

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: >= 450 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

Magnesium carbonate:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 124 - 127 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion



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Exposure time: 90 Days

Carbon black:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 1 mg/m3 LOAEL: 7 mg/m3

Application Route: Inhalation Test atmosphere: dust/mist Exposure time: 90 d

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.

Quartz:

Species: Humans LOAEL: 0.053 mg/m3 Application Route: Inhalation Remarks: OECD SIDS

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Species: Mouse LOAEL: 0.00125 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 2 yr

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

N-ethylacetamide:

Species: Rabbit NOAEL: 0.09 mg/l LOAEL: 0.36 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time: 24 Months

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Skin contact Remarks: Based on test data

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.



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Further information

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Remarks: Results from a 2 year repeated vapor inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ingredients:

Limestone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 200 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Titanium dioxide:

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l Toxicity to algae

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 69 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100



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mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Magnesium carbonate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 490 - 1,127 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

: EC50: > 900 ma/l Toxicity to bacteria

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carbon black:

Toxicity to fish : LC0 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5,600 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

: NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10,000 Toxicity to algae

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Quartz:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Cobalt titanite green spinel:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: 33 mg/l

> Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-ethylacetamide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 3,390 mg/l

> Exposure time: 96 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 580 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 10,000 mg/l



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> Exposure time: 17 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.022 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia sp.): > 0.015 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

: EC50: > 0.022 mg/l Toxicity to algae

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC: 0.022 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): >= 0.0044 mg/l

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.0079 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to bacteria : IC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Method: ISO 8192

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredients:

Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 62.66 %

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

N-ethylacetamide:

Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.

> Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 6 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:



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Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 69.3 - 144 h (24.6 °C) pH: 7

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 6.48 (25.1 °C)

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Remarks: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for PBT and vPvB. In Canada, D4 has been assessed and deemed to meet the PiT criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living

organisms.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

: This product has been evaluated for RCRA characteristics and does not meet the criteria of hazardous waste if discarded

in its purchased form.

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.



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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Diethylamine	109-89-7	100	*

^{*:} Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 302 : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting re-

quirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Antimony nickel titanium 8007-18-9 1.6 %

oxide yellow

Cobalt titanite green spinel 68186-85-6 0.32 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know



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	Limestone		1317-65-3	30 - 50 %
	Dimethyl s	siloxane, hydroxy-term	inated 70131-67-8	30 - 50 %
	Titanium o	lioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 5 %
	Aluminium	1	7429-90-5	0.1 - 1 %
	Aluminum	oxide	1344-28-1	0.1 - 1 %
New .	Jersey Right To Kno	w		
	Limestone	!	1317-65-3	30 - 50 %
	Dimethyl s	iloxane, hydroxy-term	nated 70131-67-8	30 - 50 %
	Titanium o	lioxide	13463-67-7	1 - 5 %
	Methylviny	l bis(N-ethylacetamido	o)silane 87855-59-2	1 - 5 %
	Antimony	nickel titanium oxide y	ellow 8007-18-9	1 - 5 %
	Magnesiu	m carbonate	546-93-0	1 - 5 %
	Carbon bla	ack	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1 %
	Quartz		14808-60-7	0.1 - 1 %
	Cobalt tita	nite green spinel	68186-85-6	0.1 - 1 %

California Prop. 65 WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the

State of California to cause cancer.

Antimony nickel titanium oxide yellow 8007-18-9 Cobalt titanite green spinel 68186-85-6

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

NZIoC : All ingredients listed or exempt.

TSCA : All chemical substances in this material are included on or

exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical

Substances.

AICS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

REACH : All ingredients (pre-)registered or exempt.

IECSC : One or more components of this product may not be listed on

the IECSC inventory, but this component(s) is (are) registered with volume limitation under Dow Corning entity in China.

Consult your local Dow Corning office.

PICCS : Consult your local Dow Corning office.

DSL : All chemical substances in this product comply with the CEPA

1999 and NSNR and are on or exempt from listing on the

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

TCSI : All ingredients listed or exempt.

Additional regulatory information

Methylvinyl bis(N- 87855-59-2

ethylacetamido)silane

This product contains a substance regulated by Significant New Activity (SNAc) Notice No. 17116 under CEPA 1999 81(4). A significant new activity is the use of the substance in Canada in a



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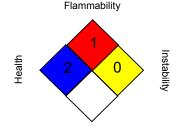
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quantity greater than 1,000 kilograms per calendar year in consumer products as defined in section 2 of the Canada Consumer Products Safety Act when it is an unreacted form.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



Special hazard.

HMIS III:

HEALTH	2*
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

DCC OEL : Dow Corning Guide

NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

DCC OEL / TWA : Time weighted average

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International



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tional Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR -No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ -Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB -Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8