

Version: 7.0 Revision Date: 02/28/2017

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Material name: SUPER DIAMOND CLEAR 350 - 5 GAL PAIL Material: 359ADC 05

Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Coatings Restrictions on use: Not known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information

EUCLID CHEMICAL COMPANY 19218 REDWOOD ROAD CLEVELAND OH 44110 US

Contact person:
Telephone:
Emergency telephone number:

EH&S Department 216-531-9222 1-800-424-9300 (US); 1-613-996-6666 (Canada)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Hazard Classification

Physical Hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2

Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B

Unknown toxicity - Health

Acute toxicity, oral	0.24 %
Acute toxicity, dermal	0.25 %
Acute toxicity, inhalation, vapor	99.95 %
Acute toxicity, inhalation, dust or mist	100 %

Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic	Category 2
environment	

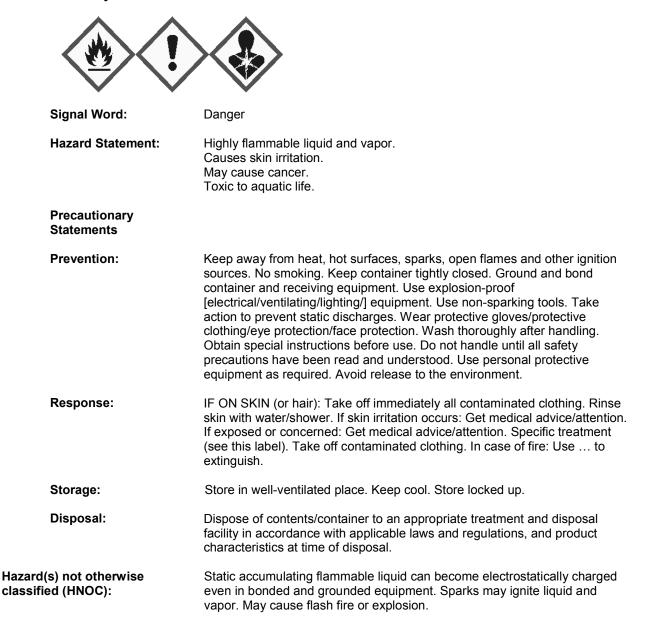
Unknown toxicity - Environment

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	92.87 %
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	100 %



Label Elements

Hazard Symbol:



3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

CAS number Con



Aromatic petroleum distillates	64742-95-6	5 - <10%			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1 - <5%			
Diisodecyl phthalate	26761-40-0	1 - <5%			
Cumene	98-82-8	0.1 - <1%			
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1 - <1%			
Tert-Butyl Acetate	540-88-5	0.1 - <1%			
Acetone * All concentrations are percent	67-64-1 t by weight unless i	0.1 - <1% Ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.			
4. First-aid measures					
Ingestion:	Call a POI	SON CENTRE/doctor/ if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.			
Inhalation:	Move to fr	esh air.			
Skin Contact:	plenty of w	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention.			
Eye contact:	Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Get medical attention.				
Most important symptoms/eff	ects, acute an	d delayed			
Symptoms:	Respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause redness, itching, irritation and eczema/chapping.				
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and	d special treatment needed			
Treatment:	Symptoms	s may be delayed.			
5. Fire-fighting measures					
General Fire Hazards:	Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water may be ineffective in fighting the fire. Fight fire from a protected location. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.				
Suitable (and unsuitable) extir	nguishing med	lia			
Suitable extinguishing media:	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.				
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Avoid wate	Avoid water in straight hose stream; will scatter and spread fire.			
Specific hazards arising from	\/	Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may cause a flash fire or ignite explosively. Prevent buildup of vapors or gases to explosive concentrations.			

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters



Special fire fighting procedures:	No data available.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
6. Accidental release measure	s
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep upwind. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:	Dam and absorb spillages with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect spillage in containers, seal securely and deliver for disposal according to local regulations.
Notification Procedures:	In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Environmental Precautions:	Do not contaminate water sources or sewer. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid release to the environment.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling:	Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a cool place.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Identity	Туре	Exposure Limit Values		Source
Aromatic petroleum distillates	PEL	100 ppm	400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	REL	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	TWA	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)



	AN ESL		25 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011)
	ST ESL		140 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (02 2013)
	ST ESL		700 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (02 2013)
	AN ESL		125 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011)
	TWA PEL	25 ppm	125 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010)
	TWA	25 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011)
Xylene	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	REL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	REL	150 ppm	655 mg/m3 435 mg/m3	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical
	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m3	Hazards (2010) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical
	REL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	Hazards (2010) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical
	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m3	Hazards (2010) US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000)
	TWA	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	(1989) US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m3	US. Tennessee. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits, Table Z1A (06 2008)
	STESL		350 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011)
	STESL		80 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011)
	AN ESL		42 ppb	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011)
	AN ESL		180 µg/m3	US. Texas. Effects Screening Levels (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality) (07 2011)
	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010)
	Ceiling	300 ppm		US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010)
	TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants (08 2010)
	TWA	100 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011)
	STEL	150 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011)
	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Cumene	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2011)
	PEL	50 ppm	245 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Tert-Butyl Acetate	TWA	50 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2016)
	STEL	150 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2016)



	PEL	200 ppm	950 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air
			-	Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Acetone	TWA	250 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	STEL	500 ppm		US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2015)
	PEL	1,000 ppm	2,400 mg/m3	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
Chemical name	Туре	Exposure Lin	nit Values	Source
Aromatic petroleum distillates	TWA	400 ppm	1,590 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (11 2011)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	123 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA	25 ppm	123 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
Diisodecyl phthalate	TWA		5 mg/m3	Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
Xylene	TWA	100 ppm	434 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
	STEL	150 ppm	651 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2) (07 2009)
Xylene	TWA	100 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	STEL	150 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
Xylene	TWA	100 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
	STEL	150 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
Xylene	TWA	100 ppm	434 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
	STEL	150 ppm	651 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)
Cumene	STEL	75 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)
	TWA	25 ppm		Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) (07 2007)



Cumene	TWA	50 ppm		Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents) (11 2010)
Cumene	TWA	50 ppm	246 mg/m3	Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment) (12 2008)

Chemical Identity	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Xylene (Methylhippuric acids: Sampling time: End of shift.)	1.5 g/g (Creatinine in urine)	ACGIH BEI (03 2013)
Acetone (acetone: Sampling time: End of shift.)	25 mg/l (Urine)	ACGIH BEI (03 2015)
propriate Engineering Controls	Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Ol limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of va ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be	pors and mist. Mechanical
vidual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipment	
General information:	Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Ge (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be be matched to conditions. If applicable, use p exhaust ventilation, or other engineering contri- below recommended exposure limits. If expo established, maintain airborne levels to an ac- access to water supply and eye wash facilities	used. Ventilation rates shou process enclosures, local rols to maintain airborne leve sure limits have not been ceptable level. Provide easy
Eye/face protection:	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or gog	gles).
Skin Protection Hand Protection:	Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin c	ontact.
Other:	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear chen footwear, and protective clothing appropriate Contact health and safety professional or mar information.	for the risk of exposure.
Respiratory Protection:	In case of inadequate ventilation use suitable local supervisor.	respirator. Seek advice from
Hygiene measures:	Observe good industrial hygiene practices. W immediately after handling the product. When contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid co	using do not smoke. Wash

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:	liquid
Form:	liquid
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Mild petroleum/solvent
Odor threshold:	No data available.
pH:	No data available.



Melting point/freezing point:	No data available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	> 35 °C > 95 °F
Flash Point:	17 °C 63 °F(Closed Cup)
Evaporation rate:	Slower than Ether
Flammability (solid, gas):	No
Upper/lower limit on flammability or explosi	ve limits
Flammability limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Flammability limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - upper (%):	No data available.
Explosive limit - lower (%):	No data available.
Vapor pressure:	No data available.
Vapor density:	Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers.
Relative density:	1.034
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in water:	Practically Insoluble
Solubility (other):	No data available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available.
Decomposition temperature:	No data available.
Viscosity:	No data available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	No data available.
Chemical Stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	No data available.
Conditions to avoid:	Heat, sparks, flames.
Incompatible Materials:	Strong acids. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (e.g. nitric acid, peroxides and chromates). Strong bases.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of e Inhalation:	Exposure In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.
Skin Contact:	May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact:	Eye contact is possible and should be avoided.
	0/47



Ingestion:	May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.		
Symptoms related to the physic	Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics		
Inhalation:	No data available.		
Skin Contact:	No data available.		
Eye contact:	No data available.		
Ingestion:	No data available.		
Information on toxicological effe	ects		
Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)			
Oral Product:	ATEmix: 86,942.69 mg/kg		
Dermal Product:	ATEmix: 2,768.87 mg/kg		
Inhalation Product:	Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.		
Specified substance(s): 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC 50 (Rat): 10,200 mg/m3		
Diisodecyl phthalate	LC 50 (Rat): > 12.54 mg/l		
Acetone	LC 50 (Rat): 76 mg/l		
Repeated dose toxicity Product:	No data available.		
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product:	No data available.		
Specified substance(s):			



Aromatic petroleum distillates	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Experimental result, Key study
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	in vivo (Rabbit): Irritating Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study
Cumene	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Xylene	in vivo (Rabbit): Moderate irritant Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study
Tert-Butyl Acetate	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Acetone	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Supporting study

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Product: Specified substance(s):	No data available.
Aromatic petroleum distillates	Rabbit, 24 - 72 hrs: Not irritating
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Rabbit, 30 min: Not irritating
Cumene	Rabbit, 24 hrs: Not irritating
Xylene	Rabbit, 24 hrs: Moderately irritating
Tert-Butyl Acetate	Rabbit, 24 hrs: Not irritating
Acetone	Rabbit, 24 hrs: Minimum grade of severe eye irritant

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Product:

No data available.

Carcinogenicity	
Product:	May cause cancer. Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

Overall evaluation: Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Cumene

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens: Cumene

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050): No carcinogenic components identified



Germ Cell Mutagenicity

In vitro Product:	No data available.
In vivo Product:	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity Product:	No data available.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Product:	- Single Exposure No data available.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Product:	- Repeated Exposure No data available.
Aspiration Hazard Product:	No data available.
Other effects:	No data available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s): 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 7.19 - 8.28 mg/l Mortality
Diisodecyl phthalate	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): > 0.47 mg/l Mortality
Cumene	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 6.04 - 6.61 mg/l Mortality
Xylene	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 13.41 mg/l Mortality
Tert-Butyl Acetate	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 296 - 362 mg/l Mortality



Acetone	LC 50 (Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), 96 h): 5,490 - 7,030 mg/l Mortality
Aquatic Invertebrates Product:	No data available.
Specified substance(s): Diisodecyl phthalate	EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): > 0.02 mg/l Intoxication
Cumene	LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 7.9 - 45.1 mg/l Mortality
Acetone	LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h): 10 mg/l Mortality EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 48 h): 21,600 - 23,900 mg/l Intoxication LC 50 (Scud (Gammarus fasciatus), 96 h): > 100 mg/l Mortality LC 50 (Asiatic clam (Corbicula manilensis), 96 h): > 20,000 mg/l Mortality LC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 96 h): > 100 mg/l Mortality

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:

Fish Product:	No data available.
Aquatic Invertebrates Product:	No data available.
Toxicity to Aquatic Plants Product:	No data available.
Persistence and Degradability	
Biodegradation Product:	No data available.
BOD/COD Ratio Product:	No data available.
Bioaccumulative potential Bioconcentration Factor (BCF) Product: No data available.	
Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)Product:No data available.	
Specified substance(s): Cumene	Log Kow: 3.66
Xylene	Log Kow: 3.12 - 3.20



Tert-Butyl Acetate	Log Kow: 1.76
Acetone	Log Kow: -0.24
Mobility in soil:	No data available.
Other adverse effects:	Toxic to aquatic organisms.
13. Disposal considerations	
Disposal instructions:	Dispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.
Contaminated Packaging:	No data available.
14. Transport information	

TDG:

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG II

CFR / DOT:

UN1866, Resin solution, 3, PG II

IMDG:

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG II

Further Information:

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

15. Regulatory information

US Federal Regulations

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.



CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Identity Reportable quantity

Dimethyl carbonate	100 lbs.
Xylene	100 lbs.
Cumene	5000 lbs.
Tert-Butyl Acetate	5000 lbs.
Acetone	5000 lbs.
Methanol	5000 lbs.
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	100 lbs.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Fire Hazard Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 304 Emergency Release Notification

Chemical Identity	<u>Reportable quantity</u>
Dimethyl carbonate	100 lbs.
Diisodecyl phthalate	
Xylene	100 lbs.
Cumene	5000 lbs.
Tert-Butyl Acetate	5000 lbs.
Acetone	5000 lbs.
Methanol	5000 lbs.
Tert-Butyl Alcohol	100 lbs.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

Chemical Identity	Threshold Planning Quantity
Aromatic petroleum	10000 lbs
distillates	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10000 lbs
Diisodecyl phthalate	10000 lbs
Cumene	10000 lbs
Xylene	10000 lbs
Tert-Butyl Acetate	10000 lbs
Acetone	10000 lbs

SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

Chemical Identity

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)

Chemical Identity	Reportable quantity
Xylene	Reportable quantity: lbs.



US State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth
defects or other reproductive harm.
CumeneCumeneCarcinogenic. 09 2011
Developmental toxin. 03 2012

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chemical Identity

Dimethyl carbonate Aromatic petroleum distillates 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chemical Identity

Dimethyl carbonate Aromatic petroleum distillates 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chemical Identity

Dimethyl carbonate Aromatic petroleum distillates 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene Diisodecyl phthalate

US. Rhode Island RTK

Chemical Identity

Aromatic petroleum distillates 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

International regulations

Montreal protocol

not applicable

Stockholm convention

not applicable

Rotterdam convention

not applicable

Kyoto protocol

not applicable

VOC:

Regulatory VOC (less water and exempt solvent)	:	350 g/l
VOC Method 310	:	15.00 %



Inventory Status: Australia AICS:	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Canada DSL Inventory List:	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
EINECS, ELINCS or NLP:	One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Japan (ENCS) List:	One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
China Inv. Existing Chemical Substances:	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Korea Existing Chemicals Inv. (KECI):	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Canada NDSL Inventory:	One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Philippines PICCS:	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
US TSCA Inventory:	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals:	All components in this product are listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Japan ISHL Listing:	One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory.
Japan Pharmacopoeia Listing:	One or more components in this product are not listed on or exempt from the Inventory.

16.Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Revision Date:	02/28/2017
Version #:	7.0
Further Information:	No data available.



Disclaimer:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.